

# 8.3 Worksheet Proving Parallelograms

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

Determine if each quadrilateral is a parallelogram. Explain why or why it does not work.

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)
- 5)
- 6)
- 7)
- 8)

Find the value of x and y that ensure each quadrilateral is a parallelogram.

- 9)
- 10)
- 11)
- 12)
- 13)
- 14)
- 15)
- 16)
- 17)
- 18)
- 19)
- 20)

Draw a picture of each quadrilateral, to determine if it is a parallelogram by one of the following reasons. Be able to explain your selection.

- a) Opposite sides congruent.
- b) Opposite angles congruent.
- c) Diagonals bisect each other.
- d) One pair of opposite sides is both parallel and congruent.
- e) Both pairs of opposite sides are parallel.

21) In quadrilateral BLOT,  $\overline{BL} \parallel \overline{TO}$ ,  $m\angle BTO = 80^\circ$ , and  $m\angle LOT = 100^\circ$

22) In quadrilateral JOKE,  $\overline{JO} \cong \overline{EK}$ ,  $m\angle OJE = 65^\circ$ , and  $m\angle JEK = 115^\circ$ .

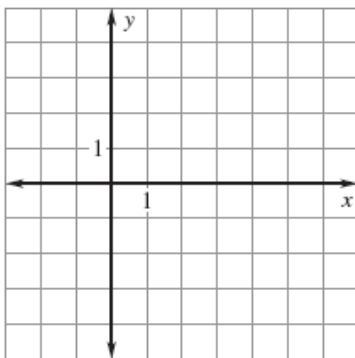
23) In quadrilateral SLOW,  $\overline{SL} \cong \overline{LO} \cong \overline{OW} \cong \overline{SW}$ .

24) In quadrilateral MOAT,  $\overline{MA}$  intersects  $\overline{OT}$  at R,  $\overline{MR} \cong \overline{RA}$ , and  $\overline{TR} \cong \overline{OR}$ .

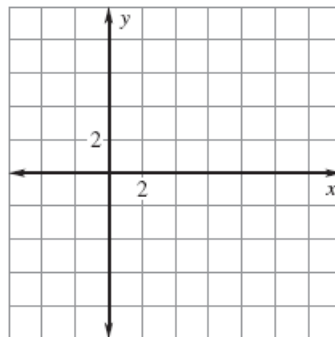
25) In quadrilateral CRAB,  $m\angle RCB = 60^\circ$ ,  $m\angle CBA = 120^\circ$ , and  $m\angle CRA = 120^\circ$ .

Show that the following figure is a parallelogram.

26)  $A(-2, -3)$ ,  $B(0, 5)$ ,  $C(6, 5)$ ,  $D(4, -3)$



27)  $A(-3, -4)$ ,  $B(-1, 2)$ ,  $C(7, 0)$ ,  $D(5, -6)$



What theorem can you use to show that the quadrilateral is a parallelogram? (See top of page)

